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## SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 1 IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE / MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY / UNDERTAKING

This Safety Data Sheet is based on European Union regulatory requirements.

1.1. PRODUCT IDENTIFIER

Product Name: MOBILCUT 140-NEW
Product Description: Base Oil and Additives

**Product Code:** 2015703010V0, 662643-60

1.2. RELEVANT IDENTIFIED USES OF THE SUBSTANCE OR MIXTURE AND USES ADVISED AGAINST

Intended Use: Water-miscible cutting fluid

Uses advised against: This product is not recommended for any industrial, professional or consumer use

other than the Identified Uses above.

1.3. DETAILS OF THE SUPPLIER OF THE SAFETY DATA SHEET

Supplier: EXXONMOBIL PETROLEUM & CHEMICAL MOSCOW REP. OFFICE

31 NOVINSKY BOULEVARD

123242 MOSCOW Russian Fed.

Supplier General Contact: +7 (495) 1391444

SDS Internet Address: www.msds.exxonmobil.com

#### 1.4. EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER

SECTION 2 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

#### 2.1. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBSTANCE OR MIXTURE

## Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Skin Sensitiser: Category 1.. H317: May cause allergic skin reaction.

Reproductive toxicant (developmental): Category 1B. Reproductive toxicant (fertility): Category 1B., H360FD: May

damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.

Chronic aquatic toxicant: Category 3., H412: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

## 2.2. LABEL ELEMENTS

Label elements according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Pictograms:



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Signal Word: Danger

#### **Hazard Statements:**

Health:

H317: May cause allergic skin reaction.

H360FD: May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.

Environment:

H412: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

## **Precautionary Statements:**

Prevention:

P201: Obtain special instructions before use.

P202: Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P261: Avoid breathing mist / vapours.

P272: Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

P273: Avoid release to the environment.

P280: Wear protective gloves and clothing.

Response:

P302 + P352: IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

P308 + P313: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
P333 + P313: If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
P362 + P364: Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

Storage:

P405: Store locked up.

Disposal:

P501: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with local regulations.

Contains: 1,2-BENZISOTHIAZOL-3(2H)-ONE; 2-methylisothiazol-3(2H)-one; BORIC ACID

#### 2.3. OTHER HAZARDS

## Physical / Chemical Hazards:

No significant hazards.

### **Health Hazards:**

High-pressure injection under skin may cause serious damage. This product may be used in certain applications where misting can occur. Excessive exposure to liquids and mists may cause skin and eye irritation. In addition, excessive exposure to mists may cause respiratory irritation and damage and aggravate pre-existing emphysema or asthma. Mildly irritating to skin with prolonged exposure.



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## **Environmental Hazards:**

No additional hazards. Material does not meet the criteria for PBT or vPvB in accordance with REACH Annex XIII.

## **Endocrine Disrupting Properties:**

Contains no substance(s) known to have endocrine disrupting properties.

## **SECTION 3**

## **COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

**3.1. SUBSTANCES** Not Applicable. This material is regulated as a mixture.

#### 3.2. MIXTURES

This material is defined as a mixture.

# Reportable hazardous substance(s) complying with the classification criteria and/or with an exposure limit (OEL)

Name	CAS#	EC#	Registration#	Concentration *	GHS/CLP classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M- factors and ATEs
1,2- BENZISOTHIAZ OL-3(2H)-ONE	2634-33-5	220-120-9	01-2120761540-60	0.005 - 0.05%	Acute Tox. 4 H302, Skin Sens. 1A H317, Aquatic Acute 1 H400 (M factor 1), Aquatic Chronic 2 H411, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, Eye Dam. 1 H318	Skin Sens. 1A H317 .05% ≤ C ≤ 100%
2- methylisothiazol- 3(2H)-one	2682-20-4	220-239-6	01-2120764690-50	0.005 - 0.05%	Acute Tox. 2 H330, Acute Tox. 3 H301, Acute Tox. 3 H311, EUH071, Skin Sens. 1A H317, Aquatic Acute 1 H400 (M factor 10), Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 (M factor 1), Skin Corr. 1B H314	Skin Sens. 1A H317 .002% ≤ C ≤ 100% ATE (ORAL) = 120 MG/KG, ATE (DERMAL) = 242 MG/KG, ATE (INH) = 0.11 MG/L
3-IODO-2- PROPYNYL BUTYLCARBAM ATE	55406-53-6	259-627-5	01-2120762115-60	< 0.1 %	Acute Tox. 3 H331, Acute Tox. 4 H302, Skin Sens. 1B H317, Aquatic Acute 1 H400 (M factor 10), Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 (M factor 1), Eye Dam. 1 H318, STOT RE 1 H372	Skin Sens. 1B H317 1% ≤ C ≤ 100% ATE (INH) = 0.68 MG/L, ATE (ORAL) = 1056 MG/KG
BORIC ACID	10043-35-3	233-139-2	01-2119486683-25	< 5.5%	Repr. 1B H360D, Repr. 1B H360F	-
ETHANOL, 2,2,2- NITRILOTRIS-		203-049-8	01-2119486482-31	5 - < 10%	OEL	-
ETHANOL, 2-(2 BUTOXYETHOX	112-34-5	203-961-6	01-2119475104-44	1 - < 5%	Eye Irrit. 2 H319	-



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Y)-						
ETHOXYLATED	68920-66-1	500-236-9	01-2119489407-26	5 - < 10%	[Aquatic Acute 3	-
C16-C18 FATTY					H402],	
ALCOHOLS					Aquatic Chronic 2	
					H411,	
					Skin Irrit. 2 H315	

Note - any classification in brackets is a GHS building block that was not adopted by the EU in the CLP regulation (No 1272/2008) and therefore is not applicable in the EU or in non-EU countries which have implemented the CLP regulation and is shown for informational purposes only.

Note: See SDS Section 16 for full text of hazard statements.

#### **SECTION 4**

#### **FIRST AID MEASURES**

#### 4.1. DESCRIPTION OF FIRST AID MEASURES

## **INHALATION**

Immediately remove from further exposure. Get immediate medical assistance. For those providing assistance, avoid exposure to yourself or others. Use adequate respiratory protection. Give supplemental oxygen, if available. If breathing has stopped, assist ventilation with a mechanical device.

## **SKIN CONTACT**

Wash contact areas with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing. Launder contaminated clothing before reuse. If product is injected into or under the skin, or into any part of the body, regardless of the appearance of the wound or its size, the individual should be evaluated immediately by a physician as a surgical emergency. Even though initial symptoms from high pressure injection may be minimal or absent, early surgical treatment within the first few hours may significantly reduce the ultimate extent of injury.

#### **EYE CONTACT**

Flush thoroughly with water. If irritation occurs, get medical assistance.

## INGESTION

Seek immediate medical attention.

#### 4.2. MOST IMPORTANT SYMPTOMS AND EFFECTS. BOTH ACUTE AND DELAYED

Local necrosis as evidenced by delayed onset of pain and tissue damage a few hours after injection. Itching and rash from allergic skin reaction.

## 4.3. INDICATION OF ANY IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION AND SPECIAL TREATMENT NEEDED

Pre-existing conditions which may be aggravated by exposure include emphysema and asthma.

## **SECTION 5**

## FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

## **5.1. EXTINGUISHING MEDIA**

**Suitable Extinguishing Media:** Use water fog, foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide (CO2) to extinguish flames.

<sup>\*</sup> All concentrations are percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.



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Unsuitable Extinguishing Media: Straight streams of water

#### 5.2. SPECIAL HAZARDS ARISING FROM THE SUBSTANCE OR MIXTURE

**Hazardous Combustion Products:** Incomplete combustion products, Nitrogen oxides, Oxides of carbon, Smoke, Fume

## **5.3. ADVICE FOR FIRE FIGHTERS**

**Fire Fighting Instructions:** Evacuate area. Prevent run-off from fire control or dilution from entering streams, sewers or drinking water supply. Fire-fighters should use standard protective equipment and in enclosed spaces, self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Use water spray to cool fire exposed surfaces and to protect personnel.

**Unusual Fire Hazards:** Pressurised mists may form a flammable mixture.

#### **FLAMMABILITY PROPERTIES**

Flash Point [Method]: >100°C (212°F) [EN/ISO 2592]

Upper/Lower Flammable Limits (Approximate volume % in air): UEL: 6.5 LEL: 0.6 [Estimated]

**Autoignition Temperature:** 240°C (464°F) [test method unavailable]

#### **SECTION 6**

#### **ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

## 6.1. PERSONAL PRECAUTIONS, PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT AND EMERGENCY PROCEDURES

#### **NOTIFICATION PROCEDURES**

In the event of a spill or accidental release, notify relevant authorities in accordance with all applicable regulations.

#### **PROTECTIVE MEASURES**

Avoid contact with spilled material. Warn or evacuate occupants in surrounding and downwind areas if required, due to toxicity or flammability of the material. See Section 5 for fire fighting information. See the Hazard Identification Section for Significant Hazards. See Section 4 for First Aid Advice. See Section 8 for advice on the minimum requirements for personal protective equipment. Additional protective measures may be necessary, depending on the specific circumstances and/or the expert judgment of the emergency responders.

#### 6.2. ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS

Prevent entry into waterways, sewers, basements or confined areas.

#### 6.3. METHODS AND MATERIAL FOR CONTAINMENT AND CLEANING UP

**Land Spill:** Stop leak if you can do so without risk. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Recover by pumping or with suitable absorbent.

**Water Spill:** Stop leak if you can do so without risk. Seek advice of a specialist This product emulsifies, disperses or is miscible in water.

Water spill and land spill recommendations are based on the most likely spill scenario for this material; however, geographic conditions, wind, temperature, (and in the case of a water spill) wave and current direction and speed may greatly influence the appropriate action to be taken. For this reason, local experts should be consulted. Note: Local regulations may prescribe or limit action to be taken.



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#### 6.4. REFERENCES TO OTHER SECTIONS

See Sections 8 and 13.

## **SECTION 7**

## **HANDLING AND STORAGE**

#### 7.1. PRECAUTIONS FOR SAFE HANDLING

Avoid all personal contact. Small metal particles from machining may cause abrasion of the skin and may predispose to dermatitis. Prevent small spills and leakage to avoid slip hazard.

**Static Accumulator:** This material is not a static accumulator.

## 7.2. CONDITIONS FOR SAFE STORAGE, INCLUDING ANY INCOMPATIBILITIES

Do not allow material to freeze. Do not store in open or unlabelled containers.

Storage Temperature:  $5^{\circ}C (41^{\circ}F) - 40^{\circ}C (104^{\circ}F)$ 

#### 7.3. SPECIFIC END USES

Section 1 informs about identified end-uses. No industrial or sector specific guidance available.

## **SECTION 8**

#### **EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION**

#### 8.1. CONTROL PARAMETERS

#### **EXPOSURE LIMIT VALUES**

Exposure limits/standards (Note: Exposure limits are not additive):

Substance Name	Form	Limit/Sta	ndard	Note	Source
BORIC ACID		STEL	6 mg/m3		ACGIH
	Inhalable fraction.				
BORIC ACID		TWA	2 mg/m3		ACGIH
	Inhalable				
	fraction.				
ETHANOL, 2,2,2-NITRILOTRIS-		TWA	5 mg/m3		ACGIH
ETHANOL, 2-(2 BUTOXYETHOXY)-		TWA	10 ppm		ACGIH
	Inhalable				
	fraction				
	and				
	vapour				

**Exposure limits/standards for materials that can be formed when handling this product:** When mists/aerosols can occur the following is recommended: 5 mg/m³ - ACGIH TLV (inhalable fraction).

Note: Information about recommended monitoring procedures can be obtained from the relevant agency(ies)/institute(s):

## DERIVED NO EFFECT LEVEL (DNEL)/DERIVED MINIMAL EFFECT LEVEL (DMEL)

#### Worker

WORCE					
Substance Name	Dermal	Inhalation			



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BORIC ACID

392 mg/kg bw/day DNEL, Chronic Exposure,
Systemic Effects

ETHANOL, 2-(2 BUTOXYETHOXY)20 mg/kg bw/day DNEL, Chronic Exposure,
Systemic Effects

20 mg/kg bw/day DNEL, Chronic Exposure,
Systemic Effects

ETHANOL, 2-(2 BUTOXYETHOXY)Systemic Effects

8.3 mg/m3 DNEL, Chronic
Exposure, Systemic Effects

#### Consumer

Substance Name	Dermal	Inhalation	Oral
BORIC ACID	196 mg/kg bw/day DNEL,	4.15 mg/m3 DNEL,	0.98 mg/kg bw/day DNEL,
	Chronic Exposure, Systemic	Chronic Exposure,	Chronic Exposure,
	Effects	Systemic Effects	Systemic Effects
ETHANOL, 2-(2 BUTOXYETHOXY)-	10 mg/kg bw/day DNEL,	34 mg/m3 DNEL, Chronic	NA
	Chronic Exposure, Systemic	Exposure, Systemic	
	Effects	Effects	

Note: The Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) is an estimated safe level of exposure that is derived from toxicity data in accord with specific guidance within the REACH regulation. The DNEL may differ from an Occupational Exposure Limit (OEL) for the same chemical. OELs may be recommended by an individual company, a governmental regulatory body or an expert organization, such as the Scientific Committee for Occupational Exposure Limits (SCOEL) or the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH). OELs are considered to be safe exposure levels for a typical worker in an occupational setting for an 8-hour work shift, 40 hour work week, as a time weighted average (TWA) or a 15 minute short-term exposure limit (STEL). While also considered to be protective of health, OELs are derived by a process different from that of REACH.

#### PREDICTED NO EFFECT CONCENTRATION (PNEC)

Substance Name	Aqua (fresh water)	Aqua (marine water)		Sewage treatment plant	Sediment		Oral (secondary poisoning)
BORIC ACID	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
ETHANOL, 2-(2 BUTOXYETHOXY)-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

#### 8.2. EXPOSURE CONTROLS

#### **ENGINEERING CONTROLS**

The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Control measures to consider:

No special requirements under ordinary conditions of use and with adequate ventilation.

#### PERSONAL PROTECTION

Personal protective equipment selections vary based on potential exposure conditions such as applications, handling practices, concentration and ventilation. Information on the selection of protective equipment for use with this material, as provided below, is based upon intended, normal usage.

**Respiratory Protection:** If engineering controls do not maintain airborne contaminant concentrations at a level which is adequate to protect worker health, an approved respirator may be appropriate. Respirator selection, use, and maintenance must be in accordance with regulatory requirements, if applicable. Types of respirators to be considered for this material include:



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Particulate air-purifying respirator approved for dust or oil mist is recommended. European Committee for Standardization (CEN) standards EN 136, 140 and 405 provide respirator masks and EN 149 and 143 provide filter recommendations.

For high airborne concentrations, use an approved supplied-air respirator, operated in positive pressure mode. Supplied air respirators with an escape bottle may be appropriate when oxygen levels are inadequate, gas/vapour warning properties are poor, or if air purifying filter capacity/rating may be exceeded.

**Hand Protection:** Any specific glove information provided is based on published literature and glove manufacturer data. Glove suitability and breakthrough time will differ depending on the specific use conditions. Contact the glove manufacturer for specific advice on glove selection and breakthrough times for your use conditions. Inspect and replace worn or damaged gloves. The types of gloves to be considered for this material include:

Chemical resistant gloves are recommended. If contact with forearms is likely wear gauntlet style gloves. Nitrile, minimum 0.38 mm thickness or comparable protective barrier material with a high performance level for continuous contact use conditions, permeation breakthrough minimum 480 minutes in accordance with CEN standards EN 420 and EN 374.

**Eye Protection:** Chemical type goggles should be worn during misting operations.

**Skin and Body Protection:** Any specific clothing information provided is based on published literature or manufacturer data. The types of clothing to be considered for this material include:

Chemical/oil resistant clothing is recommended.

**Specific Hygiene Measures:** Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Discard contaminated clothing and footwear that cannot be cleaned. Practice good housekeeping.

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROLS**

Comply with applicable environmental regulations limiting discharge to air, water and soil. Protect the environment by applying appropriate control measures to prevent or limit emissions.

## **SECTION 9**

## PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Note: Physical and chemical properties are provided for safety, health and environmental considerations only and may not fully represent product specifications. Contact the Supplier for additional information.

#### 9.1. INFORMATION ON BASIC PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical State: Liquid

Colour: Yellow Characteristic

Odour Threshold: No data available

Melting Point / Freezing Point: No data available / No data available

Initial Boiling Point / and Boiling Range: > 100°C (212°F) [test method unavailable]

Flammability (Solid, Gas): Not technically feasible

Lower and Upper explosion limit: UEL: 6.5 LEL: 0.6 [Estimated]

Flash Point [Method]: >100°C (212°F) [EN/ISO 2592]



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**Autoignition Temperature:** 240°C (464°F) [test method unavailable]

**Decomposition Temperature:** No data available

**pH:** 9.3[test method unavailable]

Kinematic Viscosity: [N/D at 40°C] | 160 cSt (160 mm2/sec) at 20°C [ISO 3104]

Solubility: Emulsifies

Partition coefficient (n-Octanol/Water Partition Coefficient): No data available

Vapour Pressure: Not technically feasible

Relative Density (at 20 °C): 0.964 [EN ISO 12185]
Relative Vapour Density (Air = 1): No data available
Evaporation Rate (n-butyl acetate = 1): No data available

Explosive Properties: None Oxidizing Properties: None Particle Characteristics

Median particle size: Not Applicable

#### 9.2. OTHER INFORMATION

DMSO Extract (mineral oil only), IP-346: < 3 %wt

#### 9.2.1. INFORMATION WITH REGARD TO PHYSICAL HAZARD CLASSES

No data available

#### 9.2.2. OTHER SAFETY CHARACTERISTICS

No data available

#### SECTION 10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. REACTIVITY: See sub-sections below.

**10.2. CHEMICAL STABILITY:** Material is stable under normal conditions.

10.3. POSSIBILITY OF HAZARDOUS REACTIONS: Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

**10.4. CONDITIONS TO AVOID:** Heat/ Freezing temperatures. High energy sources of ignition.

10.5. INCOMPATIBLE MATERIALS: Strong oxidisers

**10.6. HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS:** Material does not decompose at ambient temperatures.

## SECTION 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

## 11.1. INFORMATION ON HAZARD CLASSES AS DEFINED IN REGULATION (EC) NO 1272/2008

Hazard Class	Conclusion / Remarks
Inhalation	
Acute Toxicity: No end point data for material.	Minimally Toxic. Based on assessment of the components.
Irritation: No end point data for material.	Elevated temperatures or mechanical action may form vapours, mist, or fumes which may be irritating to the eyes, nose, throat, or lungs.



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Ingestion Acute Toxicity: No end point data for Minimally Toxic. Based on assessment of the components. material. Skin Acute Toxicity: No end point data for Minimally Toxic. Based on assessment of the components. material. Skin Corrosion/Irritation: No end point data Mildly irritating to skin with prolonged exposure. Based on for material. assessment of the components. Eye Serious Eve Damage/Irritation: No end point May cause mild, short-lasting discomfort to eyes. Based on data for material. assessment of the components. Sensitisation Respiratory Sensitization: No end point data Not expected to be a respiratory sensitizer. for material. Skin Sensitization: No end point data for May cause allergic skin reaction. Based on assessment of the material. components. Aspiration: Data available. Not expected to be an aspiration hazard. Based on physicochemical properties of the material. Germ Cell Mutagenicity: No end point data Not expected to be a germ cell mutagen. Based on assessment of the components. Carcinogenicity: No end point data for Not expected to cause cancer. Based on assessment of the components. material. Reproductive Toxicity: No end point data Caused damage to fertility in laboratory animals, but the relevance for material. to humans is uncertain. Caused damage to the fetus in laboratory animals, but the relevance to humans is uncertain. Based on assessment of the components. Lactation: No end point data for material. Not expected to cause harm to breast-fed children. Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT) Single Exposure: No end point data for Not expected to cause organ damage from a single exposure. material. Repeated Exposure: No end point data for Not expected to cause organ damage from prolonged or repeated material. exposure. Based on assessment of the components.

### TOXICITY FOR SUBSTANCES

NAME	ACUTE TOXICITY
	Dermal Lethality: LD 50 242 mg/kg (Rat); Inhalation Lethality: 4 hour(s) LC50 0.11 mg/l (Aerosol) (Rat); Oral Lethality: LD 50 120 mg/kg (Rat)
3-IODO-2-PROPYNYL BUTYLCARBAMATE	Inhalation Lethality: 4 hour(s) LC50 0.68 mg/l (Aerosol) (Rat); Oral Lethality: LD 50 1056 mg/kg (Rat)

#### 11.2. INFORMATION ON OTHER HAZARDS

## 11.2.1 ENDOCRINE DISRUPTING PROPERTIES

Contains no substance(s) known to have endocrine disrupting properties that affect human health.

#### 11.2.2 OTHER INFORMATION

For the product itself:

Oil Mist (highly refined oils): Animals exposed to high concentrations of mist developed oil retention, inflammation, and oil granulomas in the respiratory tract. Oils exposed to high temperatures, cracking conditions, or mixing with tramp / used oils may introduce polycyclic aromatic compounds or microbial contaminants that could result in cancer or severe respiratory hazards.



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#### Contains:

Alkanolamines: Repeated overexposure to alkanolamines caused liver and kidney damage in laboratory animals. Base oil severely refined: Not carcinogenic in animal studies. Representative material passes IP-346, Modified Ames test, and/or other screening tests. Dermal and inhalation studies showed minimal effects; lung non-specific infiltration of immune cells, oil deposition and minimal granuloma formation. Not sensitising in test animals. Boric acid: High doses have demonstrated effects on fertility, testes, and developmental effects on the fetus in laboratory animals. Relevance of these findings to humans is uncertain. GLYCOL ETHERS: Some glycol ethers cause adverse effects in animals that include the reproductive system, offspring, blood, kidney and liver. MONO- AND DI-ETHYLENE GLYCOLS: Oral exposure may produce kidney damage.

#### **SECTION 12**

#### **ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

The information given is based on data for the material, components of the material, or for similar materials, through the application of bridging principals.

#### 12.1. TOXICITY

Material -- Expected to be harmful to aquatic organisms. May cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

#### 12.2. PERSISTENCE AND DEGRADABILITY

## **Biodegradation:**

Base oil component -- Expected to be inherently biodegradable

#### 12.3. BIOACCUMULATIVE POTENTIAL Not determined.

## 12.4. MOBILITY IN SOIL

Not determined.

## 12.5. PERSISTENCE, BIOACCUMULATION AND TOXICITY FOR SUBSTANCE(S)

Material does not meet the Reach Annex XIII criteria for PBT or vPvB.

#### 12.6. ENDOCRINE DISRUPTING PROPERTIES

Contains no substance(s) known to have endocrine disrupting properties that affect the environment.

#### 12.7. OTHER ADVERSE EFFECTS

No adverse effects are expected.

#### **SECTION 13**

#### **DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

Disposal recommendations based on material as supplied. Disposal must be in accordance with current applicable laws and regulations, and material characteristics at time of disposal.

#### 13.1. WASTE TREATMENT METHODS

Product is suitable for burning in an enclosed controlled burner for fuel value or disposal by supervised incineration at very high temperatures to prevent formation of undesirable combustion products.

European Waste Code: 12 01 07\*

NOTE: These codes are assigned based upon the most common uses for this material and may not reflect



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contaminants resulting from actual use. Waste producers need to assess the actual process used when generating the waste and its contaminants in order to assign the proper waste disposal code(s).

This material is considered as hazardous waste pursuant to The Hazardous Waste Regulations (HWR), and subject to the provisions of those Regulations.

**Empty Container Warning** Empty Container Warning (where applicable): Empty containers may contain residue and can be dangerous. Do not attempt to refill or clean containers without proper instructions. Empty drums should be completely drained and safely stored until appropriately reconditioned or disposed. Empty containers should be taken for recycling, recovery, or disposal through suitably qualified or licensed contractor and in accordance with governmental regulations. DO NOT PRESSURISE, CUT, WELD, BRAZE, SOLDER, DRILL, GRIND, OR EXPOSE SUCH CONTAINERS TO HEAT, FLAME, SPARKS, STATIC ELECTRICITY, OR OTHER SOURCES OF IGNITION. THEY MAY EXPLODE AND CAUSE INJURY OR DEATH.

## **SECTION 14**

#### TRANSPORT INFORMATION

LAND (ADR/RID): 14.1-14.6 Not Regulated for Land Transport

INLAND WATERWAYS (ADN): 14.1-14.6 Not Regulated for Inland Waterways Transport

SEA (IMDG): 14.1-14.6 Not Regulated for Sea Transport according to IMDG-Code

SEA (MARPOL 73/78 Convention - Annex II):

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not classified according to Annex II

AIR (IATA): 14.1-14.6 Not Regulated for Air Transport

## **SECTION 15**

## REGULATORY INFORMATION

#### **REGULATORY STATUS AND APPLICABLE LAWS AND REGULATIONS**

Listed or exempt from listing/notification on the following chemical inventories: TSCA

## 15.1. SAFETY, HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATIONS/LEGISLATION SPECIFIC FOR THE SUBSTANCE OR MIXTURE

## **Applicable EU Directives and Regulations:**

1907/2006 [... on the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals ... and amendments thereto]

689/2008/EC [....concerning the export and import of dangerous substances and amendments thereto]

98/24/EC [... on the protection of workers from the risk related to chemical agents at work ...]. Refer to Directive for details of requirements.



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1272/2008 [on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures.. and amendments thereto]

Contains Boric Acid at >0.1 percent by weight. Boric Acid is on the Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern.

REACH Restrictions on the manufacturing, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles (Annex XVII):

The following entries of Annex XVII may be considered for this product: 30

#### 15.2. CHEMICAL SAFETY ASSESSMENT

**REACH Information:** A Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for one or more substances present in the material.

## **SECTION 16**

#### OTHER INFORMATION

**REFERENCES:** Sources of information used in preparing this SDS included one or more of the following: results from in house or supplier toxicology studies, CONCAWE Product Dossiers, publications from other trade associations, such as the EU Hydrocarbon Solvents REACH Consortium, U.S. HPV Program Robust Summaries, the EU IUCLID Data Base, U.S. NTP publications, and other sources, as appropriate.

#### List of abbreviations and acronyms that could be (but not necessarily are) used in this safety data sheet:

Acronym Full text
N/A Not applicable
N/D Not determined
NE Not established

VOC Volatile Organic Compound

AIIC Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals

AIHA WEEL American Industrial Hygiene Association Workplace Environmental Exposure Limits

ASTM ASTM International, originally known as the American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM)

DSL Domestic Substance List (Canada)

EINECS European Inventory of Existing Commercial Substances

ELINCS European List of Notified Chemical Substances

ENCS Existing and new Chemical Substances (Japanese inventory)

IECSC Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China

KECI Korean Existing Chemicals Inventory
NDSL Non-Domestic Substances List (Canada)
NZIOC New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

PICCS Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

TLV Threshold Limit Value (American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists)

TSCA Toxic Substances Control Act (U.S. inventory)

UVCB Substances of Unknown or Variable composition, Complex reaction products or Biological materials

LC Lethal Concentration

LD Lethal Dose LL Lethal Loading

EC Effective Concentration
EL Effective Loading

NOEC No Observable Effect Concentration
NOELR No Observable Effect Loading Rate



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## Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Classification according to Regulation (EC)	Classification procedure
No 1272/2008	
Aquatic Chronic 3; H412	Calculation
Repr. 1B; H360D	Calculation
Repr. 1B; H360F	Calculation
Skin Sens. 1; H317	Calculation

#### KEY TO THE H-CODES CONTAINED IN SECTION 3 OF THIS DOCUMENT (for information only):

Acute Tox. 3 H301: Toxic if swallowed; Acute Tox Oral, Cat 3

Acute Tox. 4 H302: Harmful if swallowed; Acute Tox Oral, Cat 4

Acute Tox. 3 H311: Toxic in contact with skin; Acute Tox Dermal, Cat 3

Skin Corr. 1B H314: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage; Skin Corr/Irritation, Cat 1B

Skin Irrit. 2 H315: Causes skin irritation; Skin Corr/Irritation, Cat 2

Skin Sens. 1 H317: May cause allergic skin reaction; Skin Sensitization, Cat 1 Eye Dam. 1 H318: Causes serious eye damage; Serious Eye Damage/Irr, Cat 1 Eye Irrit. 2 H319: Causes serious eye irritation; Serious Eye Damage/Irr, Cat 2

Acute Tox. 2 H330: Fatal if inhaled; Acute Tox Inh, Cat 2 Acute Tox. 3 H331: Toxic if inhaled; Acute Tox Inh, Cat 3

Repr. 1B H360D: May damage the unborn child; Repro Tox, Cat 1B (Develop)

Repr. 1B H360F: May damage fertility; Repro Tox, Cat 1B (Fertility)

STOT RE 1 H372: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure; Target Organ, Repeated, Cat 1

Aquatic Acute 1 H400: Very toxic to aquatic life; Acute Env Tox, Cat 1 [Aquatic Acute 3 H402]: Harmful to aquatic life; Acute Env Tox, Cat 3

Aquatic Chronic 1 H410: Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects; Chronic Env Tox, Cat 1 Aquatic Chronic 2 H411: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects; Chronic Env Tox, Cat 2

EUH071: Corrosive to the respiratory tract.

## THIS SAFETY DATA SHEET CONTAINS THE FOLLOWING REVISIONS:

Composition: Component Table for REACH information was modified.

Section 09 median particle size information was added. Section 09: Freezing Point °C(°F) information was deleted. Section 09: Melting Point C(F) information was deleted.

Section 09: Viscosity information was modified.

Section 11 EU Annex II Endocrine Disruptor Data information was added. Section 12 EU Annex II Endocrine Disruptor Data information was added. Section 2 EU Annex II Endocrine Disruptor Data information was added.

Section 9 melting and freezing points information was added.

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