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# SAFETY DATA SHEET

### **SECTION 1**

### PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

**PRODUCT** 

Product Name: UNIREX N 2

Product Description: Base Oil and Additives

**Product Code:** 2015A0207220, 644351-00, 97N713

Intended Use: Grease

**COMPANY IDENTIFICATION** 

Supplier: EXXON MOBIL CORPORATION

22777 Springwoods Village Parkway

Spring, TX 77389 USA

24 Hour Health Emergency 609-737-4411

Transportation Emergency Phone 800-424-9300 or 703-527-3887 CHEMTREC

Product Technical Information 800-662-4525

MSDS Internet Address www.exxon.com, www.mobil.com

### **SECTION 2**

### HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

This material is not hazardous according to regulatory guidelines (see (M)SDS Section 15).

### Other hazard information:

HAZARD NOT OTHERWISE CLASSIFIED (HNOC): None as defined under 29 CFR 1910.1200.

### PHYSICAL / CHEMICAL HAZARDS

No significant hazards.

### **HEALTH HAZARDS**

High-pressure injection under skin may cause serious damage. Excessive exposure may result in eye, skin, or respiratory irritation.

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS**

No significant hazards.

NFPA Hazard ID: Health: 0 Flammability: 1 Reactivity: 0 HMIS Hazard ID: Health: 0 Flammability: 1 Reactivity: 0

**NOTE:** This material should not be used for any other purpose than the intended use in Section 1 without expert advice. Health studies have shown that chemical exposure may cause potential human health risks which may vary from person to person.



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SECTION 3 COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

This material is defined as a mixture.

Hazardous Substance(s) or Complex Substance(s) required for disclosure

Name	CAS#	Concentration*	GHS Hazard Codes
1-NAPHTHYLAMINE, N-PHENYL-	90-30-2	0.1 - < 1%	H302, H317, H373, H400(M factor 1), H410(M factor 1)
BENZOIC ACID, 2-HYDROXY-, MONOLITHIUM SALT	552-38-5	1 - < 5%	H302, H314(1)
DILITHIUM SALICYLATE	38970-76-2	1 - < 5%	H302, H314(1B)
DINONYL NAPHTHALENESULFONIC ACID, BARIUM SALT	25619-56-1	0.1 - < 1%	H302, H315
LITHIUM HYDROXIDE	1310-65-2	0.1 - < 1%	H302, H314(1B)
LITHIUM METABORATE	13453-69-5	0.1 - < 1%	H302, H361(D), H318

<sup>\*</sup> All concentrations are percent by weight unless material is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

As per paragraph (i) of 29 CFR 1910.1200, formulation is considered a trade secret and specific chemical identity and exact percentage (concentration) of composition may have been withheld. Specific chemical identity and exact percentage composition will be provided to health professionals, employees, or designated representatives in accordance with applicable provisions of paragraph (i).

# **SECTION 4**

### **FIRST AID MEASURES**

#### **INHALATION**

Under normal conditions of intended use, this material is not expected to be an inhalation hazard.

#### **SKIN CONTACT**

Wash contact areas with soap and water. If product is injected into or under the skin, or into any part of the body, regardless of the appearance of the wound or its size, the individual should be evaluated immediately by a physician as a surgical emergency. Even though initial symptoms from high pressure injection may be minimal or absent, early surgical treatment within the first few hours may significantly reduce the ultimate extent of injury.

### **EYE CONTACT**

Flush thoroughly with water. If irritation occurs, get medical assistance.

#### **INGESTION**

First aid is normally not required. Seek medical attention if discomfort occurs.

### **SECTION 5**

### **FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES**

#### **EXTINGUISHING MEDIA**

**Appropriate Extinguishing Media:** Use water fog, foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide (CO2) to extinguish flames.

Inappropriate Extinguishing Media: Straight Streams of Water

### **FIRE FIGHTING**



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**Fire Fighting Instructions:** Evacuate area. Prevent runoff from fire control or dilution from entering streams, sewers, or drinking water supply. Firefighters should use standard protective equipment and in enclosed spaces, self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Use water spray to cool fire exposed surfaces and to protect personnel.

**Hazardous Combustion Products:** Aldehydes, Incomplete combustion products, Oxides of carbon, Smoke, Fume. Sulfur oxides

#### FLAMMABILITY PROPERTIES

Flash Point [Method]: >200°C (392°F) [EST. FOR OIL, ASTM D-92 (COC)] Flammable Limits (Approximate volume % in air): LEL: N/D UEL: N/E

**Autoignition Temperature:** N/D

**SECTION 6** 

### **ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

### **NOTIFICATION PROCEDURES**

In the event of a spill or accidental release, notify relevant authorities in accordance with all applicable regulations. US regulations require reporting releases of this material to the environment which exceed the applicable reportable quantity or oil spills which could reach any waterway including intermittent dry creeks. The National Response Center can be reached at (800)424-8802.

### **PROTECTIVE MEASURES**

Avoid contact with spilled material. See Section 5 for fire fighting information. See the Hazard Identification Section for Significant Hazards. See Section 4 for First Aid Advice. See Section 8 for advice on the minimum requirements for personal protective equipment. Additional protective measures may be necessary, depending on the specific circumstances and/or the expert judgment of the emergency responders.

For emergency responders: Respiratory protection: respiratory protection will be necessary only in special cases, e.g., formation of mists. Half-face or full-face respirator with filter(s) for dust/organic vapor or Self Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) can be used depending on the size of spill and potential level of exposure. If the exposure cannot be completely characterized or an oxygen deficient atmosphere is possible or anticipated, SCBA is recommended. Work gloves that are resistant to hydrocarbons are recommended. Gloves made of polyvinyl acetate (PVA) are not water-resistant and are not suitable for emergency use. Chemical goggles are recommended if splashes or contact with eyes is possible. Small spills: normal antistatic work clothes are usually adequate. Large spills: full body suit of chemical resistant, antistatic material is recommended.

### SPILL MANAGEMENT

**Land Spill:** Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Scrape up spilled material with shovels into a suitable container for recycle or disposal.

**Water Spill:** Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Confine the spill immediately with booms. Warn other shipping. Skim from surface.

Water spill and land spill recommendations are based on the most likely spill scenario for this material; however, geographic conditions, wind, temperature, (and in the case of a water spill) wave and current direction and speed may greatly influence the appropriate action to be taken. For this reason, local experts should be consulted. Note: Local regulations may prescribe or limit action to be taken.

### **ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS**

Prevent entry into waterways, sewers, basements or confined areas.



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### **SECTION 7**

#### HANDLING AND STORAGE

#### **HANDLING**

Prevent small spills and leakage to avoid slip hazard.

**Static Accumulator:** This material is not a static accumulator.

#### **STORAGE**

Do not store in open or unlabelled containers.

### **SECTION 8**

### **EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION**

### **EXPOSURE LIMIT VALUES**

Exposure limits/standards (Note: Exposure limits are not additive)

Substance Name	Form	Limit / Star	ndard	NOTE	Source
DINONYL NAPHTHALENESULFONIC ACID, BARIUM SALT [as Ba]		TWA	0.5 mg/m3	N/A	OSHA Z1
DINONYL NAPHTHALENESULFONIC ACID, BARIUM SALT [as Ba]		TWA	0.5 mg/m3	N/A	ACGIH
LITHIUM HYDROXIDE		Ceiling	1 mg/m3	N/A	OARS WEEL
LITHIUM METABORATE	Inhalable fraction.	STEL	6 mg/m3	N/A	ACGIH
LITHIUM METABORATE	Inhalable fraction.	TWA	2 mg/m3	N/A	ACGIH

NOTE: Limits/standards shown for guidance only. Follow applicable regulations.

No biological limits allocated.

### **ENGINEERING CONTROLS**

The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Control measures to consider:

No special requirements under ordinary conditions of use and with adequate ventilation.

#### PERSONAL PROTECTION

Personal protective equipment selections vary based on potential exposure conditions such as applications, handling practices, concentration and ventilation. Information on the selection of protective equipment for use with this material, as provided below, is based upon intended, normal usage.

**Respiratory Protection:** If engineering controls do not maintain airborne contaminant concentrations at a level which is adequate to protect worker health, an approved respirator may be appropriate. Respirator selection, use, and maintenance must be in accordance with regulatory requirements, if applicable. Types of



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respirators to be considered for this material include:

No protection is ordinarily required under normal conditions of use and with adequate ventilation.

For high airborne concentrations, use an approved supplied-air respirator, operated in positive pressure mode. Supplied air respirators with an escape bottle may be appropriate when oxygen levels are inadequate, gas/vapor warning properties are poor, or if air purifying filter capacity/rating may be exceeded.

**Hand Protection:** Any specific glove information provided is based on published literature and glove manufacturer data. Glove suitability and breakthrough time will differ depending on the specific use conditions. Contact the glove manufacturer for specific advice on glove selection and breakthrough times for your use conditions. Inspect and replace worn or damaged gloves. The types of gloves to be considered for this material include:

No protection is ordinarily required under normal conditions of use.

**Eye Protection:** If contact is likely, safety glasses with side shields are recommended.

**Skin and Body Protection:** Any specific clothing information provided is based on published literature or manufacturer data. The types of clothing to be considered for this material include:

No skin protection is ordinarily required under normal conditions of use. In accordance with good industrial hygiene practices, precautions should be taken to avoid skin contact.

**Specific Hygiene Measures:** Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Discard contaminated clothing and footwear that cannot be cleaned. Practice good housekeeping.

### **ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROLS**

Comply with applicable environmental regulations limiting discharge to air, water and soil. Protect the environment by applying appropriate control measures to prevent or limit emissions.

### **SECTION 9**

# PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Note: Physical and chemical properties are provided for safety, health and environmental considerations only and may not fully represent product specifications. Contact the Supplier for additional information.

### **GENERAL INFORMATION**

Physical State: Solid
Form: Semi-fluid
Color: Green
Odor: Characteristic
Odor Threshold: N/D

### IMPORTANT HEALTH, SAFETY, AND ENVIRONMENTAL INFORMATION

Relative Density (at 15 °C): 0.93 Flammability (Solid, Gas): N/A

Flash Point [Method]: >200°C (392°F) [EST. FOR OIL, ASTM D-92 (COC)] Flammable Limits (Approximate volume % in air): LEL: N/D UEL: N/D

**Autoignition Temperature:** N/D **Boiling Point / Range:** N/D **Decomposition Temperature:** N/D



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Vapor Density (Air = 1): N/D

Vapor Pressure: < 0.013 kPa (0.1 mm Hg) at 20 °C [Estimated]

Evaporation Rate (n-butyl acetate = 1): N/D

pH: N/A

Log Pow (n-Octanol/Water Partition Coefficient): N/D

Solubility in Water: Negligible

**Viscosity:** 113 cSt (113 mm2/sec) at 40 °C [Base oil] **Oxidizing Properties:** See Hazards Identification Section.

OTHER INFORMATION

Freezing Point: N/D Melting Point: N/D

DMSO Extract (mineral oil only), IP-346: < 3 %wt

NOTE: Most physical properties above are for the oil component in the material.

### SECTION 10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

**REACTIVITY:** See sub-sections below.

**STABILITY:** Material is stable under normal conditions.

**CONDITIONS TO AVOID:** Excessive heat. High energy sources of ignition.

MATERIALS TO AVOID: Strong oxidizers

**HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS:** Material does not decompose at ambient temperatures.

POSSIBILITY OF HAZARDOUS REACTIONS: Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

### SECTION 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

#### INFORMATION ON TOXICOLOGICAL EFFECTS

Hazard Class	Conclusion / Remarks
Inhalation	
Acute Toxicity: No end point data for material.	Minimally Toxic. Based on assessment of the components.
Irritation: No end point data for material.	Negligible hazard at ambient/normal handling temperatures.
Ingestion	
Acute Toxicity: No end point data for material.	Minimally Toxic. Based on assessment of the components.
Skin	
Acute Toxicity: No end point data for material.	Minimally Toxic. Based on assessment of the components.
Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Data available.	Negligible irritation to skin at ambient temperatures. Based on test data for the material. Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 404
Eye	
Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Data available.	May cause mild, short-lasting discomfort to eyes. Based on test data for the material. Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD



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Guideline 405 Sensitization Respiratory Sensitization: No end point data Not expected to be a respiratory sensitizer. for material. Skin Sensitization: No end point data for Not expected to be a skin sensitizer. Based on assessment of the material. components. Aspiration: Data available. Not expected to be an aspiration hazard. Based on physicochemical properties of the material. Germ Cell Mutagenicity: No end point data Not expected to be a germ cell mutagen. Based on assessment of for material. the components. Carcinogenicity: No end point data for Not expected to cause cancer. Based on assessment of the material. components. Reproductive Toxicity: No end point data Not expected to be a reproductive toxicant. Based on assessment of the components. for material. Lactation: No end point data for material. Not expected to cause harm to breast-fed children. Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT) Single Exposure: No end point data for Not expected to cause organ damage from a single exposure. material. Repeated Exposure: No end point data for Not expected to cause organ damage from prolonged or repeated

#### **TOXICITY FOR SUBSTANCES**

NAME	ACUTE TOXICITY
1-NAPHTHYLAMINE, N-PHENYL-	Oral Lethality: LD50 1625 mg/kg (Rat)
DILITHIUM SALICYLATE	Oral Lethality: LD50 550 mg/kg (Rat)
DINONYL NAPHTHALENESULFONIC	Oral Lethality: LD50 1750 mg/kg (Rat)
ACID, BARIUM SALT	

#### OTHER INFORMATION

#### For the product itself:

Component concentrations in this formulation would not be expected to cause skin sensitization, based on tests of the components, this formulation, or similar formulations.

exposure. Based on assessment of the components.

#### Contains:

material.

Base oil severely refined: Not carcinogenic in animal studies. Representative material passes IP-346, Modified Ames test, and/or other screening tests. Dermal and inhalation studies showed minimal effects; lung non-specific infiltration of immune cells, oil deposition and minimal granuloma formation. Not sensitizing in test animals.

N-phenyl-1-naphthylamine (PAN): A single oral overexposure may result in clinical signs/symptoms of cyanosis, headache, shallow respiration, dizziness, confusion, low blood pressure, convulsions, coma, or jaundice. Hematuria may occur due to bladder and kidney irritation, and anemia may develop later. Repeated exposure in laboratory animals caused liver and kidney damage and depressed bone marrow activity. Undiluted PAN is a skin sensitizer. Human testing of lubricants containing 1.0% PAN resulted in no reactions indicative of sensitization.

The following ingredients are cited on the lists below: None.

--REGULATORY LISTS SEARCHED--

1 = NTP CARC 3 = IARC 1 5 = IARC 2B 2 = NTP SUS 4 = IARC 2A 6 = OSHA CARC



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### **SECTION 12**

### **ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

The information given is based on data for the material, components of the material, or for similar materials, through the application of bridging principals.

### **ECOTOXICITY**

Material -- Not expected to be harmful to aquatic organisms.

#### **MOBILITY**

Base oil component -- Low solubility and floats and is expected to migrate from water to the land. Expected to partition to sediment and wastewater solids.

#### PERSISTENCE AND DEGRADABILITY

**Biodegradation:** 

Base oil component -- Expected to be inherently biodegradable

### **BIOACCUMULATION POTENTIAL**

Base oil component -- Has the potential to bioaccumulate, however metabolism or physical properties may reduce the bioconcentration or limit bioavailability.

#### **ECOLOGICAL DATA**

#### **Ecotoxicity**

Test	Duration	Organism Type	Test Results
Aquatic - Chronic Toxicity	21 day(s)	Daphnia magna	NOELR 1 mg/l: data for similar materials

SECTION 13	DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS	

Disposal recommendations based on material as supplied. Disposal must be in accordance with current applicable laws and regulations, and material characteristics at time of disposal.

#### DISPOSAL RECOMMENDATIONS

Product is suitable for burning in an enclosed controlled burner for fuel value or disposal by supervised incineration at very high temperatures to prevent formation of undesirable combustion products.

### REGULATORY DISPOSAL INFORMATION

RCRA Information: Disposal of unused product may be subject to RCRA regulations (40 CFR 261). Disposal of the used product may also be regulated due to ignitability, corrosivity, reactivity or toxicity as determined by the Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure (TCLP). Potential RCRA characteristics: TCLP (BARIUM)

Empty Container Warning Empty Container Warning (where applicable): Empty containers may contain residue and can be dangerous. Do not attempt to refill or clean containers without proper instructions. Empty drums should be completely drained and safely stored until appropriately reconditioned or disposed. Empty containers should be taken for recycling, recovery, or disposal through suitably qualified or licensed contractor and in accordance with governmental regulations. DO NOT PRESSURISE, CUT, WELD, BRAZE, SOLDER, DRILL, GRIND, OR EXPOSE SUCH CONTAINERS TO HEAT, FLAME, SPARKS, STATIC ELECTRICITY, OR OTHER SOURCES OF IGNITION. THEY MAY EXPLODE AND CAUSE INJURY OR DEATH.



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CECTION 44 TRANSPORT INFORMATION

# SECTION 14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION

**LAND (DOT):** Not Regulated for Land Transport

**LAND (TDG):** Not Regulated for Land Transport

**SEA (IMDG):** Not Regulated for Sea Transport according to IMDG-Code

Marine Pollutant: No

AIR (IATA): Not Regulated for Air Transport

# SECTION 15 REGULATORY INFORMATION

**OSHA HAZARD COMMUNICATION STANDARD:** This material is not considered hazardous in accordance with OSHA HazCom 2012, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

Listed or exempt from listing/notification on the following chemical inventories: DSL, IECSC, TCSI, TSCA Special Cases:

Inventory	Status
AIIC	Restrictions Apply

SARA 302: No chemicals in this material are subject to the reporting requirements of SARA Title III, Section 302

SARA (311/312) REPORTABLE GHS HAZARD CLASSES: None.

**SARA (313) TOXIC RELEASE INVENTORY:** This material contains no chemicals subject to the supplier notification requirements of the SARA 313 Toxic Release Program.

### The following ingredients are cited on the lists below:

Chemical Name	CAS Number	List Citations
DINONYL	25619-56-1	1, 4
NAPHTHALENESULFONIC ACID,		
BARIUM SALT		
LITHIUM METABORATE	13453-69-5	1

### -- REGULATORY LISTS SEARCHED--

1 = ACGIH ALL	6 = TSCA 5a2	11 = CA P65 REPRO	16 = MN RTK
2 = ACGIH A1	7 = TSCA 5e	12 = CA RTK	17 = NJ RTK
3 = ACGIH A2	8 = TSCA 6	13 = IL RTK	18 = PA RTK
4 = OSHA Z	9 = TSCA 12b	14 = LA RTK	19 = RI RTK



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5 = TSCA 4

10 = CA P65 CARC 15 = MI 293

Code key: CARC=Carcinogen; REPRO=Reproductive

#### **SECTION 16**

### **OTHER INFORMATION**

N/D = Not determined, N/A = Not applicable

### KEY TO THE H-CODES CONTAINED IN SECTION 3 OF THIS DOCUMENT (for information only):

H302: Harmful if swallowed; Acute Tox Oral, Cat 4

H314(1): Causes severe skin burns and eye damage; Skin Corr/Irritation, Cat 1 H314(1B): Causes severe skin burns and eye damage; Skin Corr/Irritation, Cat 1B

H315: Causes skin irritation; Skin Corr/Irritation, Cat 2

H317: May cause allergic skin reaction; Skin Sensitization, Cat 1 H318: Causes serious eye damage; Serious Eye Damage/Irr, Cat 1

H361(D): Suspected of damaging the unborn child; Repro Tox, Cat 2 (Develop)

H373: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure; Target Organ, Repeated, Cat 2

H400: Very toxic to aquatic life; Acute Env Tox, Cat 1

H410: Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects; Chronic Env Tox, Cat 1

### THIS SAFETY DATA SHEET CONTAINS THE FOLLOWING REVISIONS:

Composition: Component Table information was modified.

Section 06: Accidental Release - Spill Management - Land information was modified.

Section 07: Handling and Storage - Storage Phrases information was modified.

Section 08: Exposure Limits Table information was modified.

Section 09: Melting Point C(F) information was modified.

Section 09: Vapor Pressure information was added.

Section 09: Viscosity information was modified.

Section 11 Substance Toxicology table information was modified.

Section 11: Dermal Irritation Test Comment information was modified.

Section 11: Dermal Irritation Test Data information was modified.

Section 11: Eye Irritation Test Comment information was modified.

Section 11: Eye Irritation Test Data information was modified.

Section 11: Eye Irritation Test Guideline information was added.

Section 11: Skin Irritation Test Guideline information was added.

Section 15: List Citations Table information was added.

Section 15: Special Cases Table information was added.

Section 16: HCode Key information was modified.

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DGN: 2031341XUS (553418)

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