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# SAFETY DATA SHEET

# SECTION 1

## PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

#### PRODUCT

Product Name: WYROL 15

Product Description: Base Oil and Additives Product Code: 201570204520, 661819

Intended Use: Additive concentrate/slurry

#### COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Manufacturer/Supplier:

For details contact ExxonMobil International LLC

Taiwan Branch

6th Flr., No 2, Tun Hua South Road

IBM Building, Section 1 Taipei Taiwan

**24** Hour Health Emergency 00801-863-136 (8:30 am - 16:30 pm) Mon-Fri

Supplier General Contact 886-2-2734-6888

FAX 886-2-2734-6999

## SECTION 2

## HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

This material is hazardous according to regulatory guidelines (see (M)SDS Section 15).

## CLASSIFICATION:

Skin irritation: Category 2. Eye irritation: Category 2A. Aspiration toxicant: Category 1. Acute aquatic toxicant: Category 1. Chronic aquatic toxicant: Category 3.

# LABEL:





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Signal Word: Danger

#### Hazard Statements:

Health: H304: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. H315: Causes skin irritation. H319: Causes serious eye irritation. H361: Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Environmental: H400: Very toxic to aquatic life. H412: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### Precautionary Statements:

Prevention: P280: Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. P201: Obtain special instructions before use. P202: Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. P260: Do not breathe mist / vapours. P264: Wash skin thoroughly after handling. P273: Avoid release to the environment.

Response: P301 + P310: IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. P302 + P352: IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. P305 + P351 + P338: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P308 + P313: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. P314: Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell. P331: Do NOT induce vomiting. P332 + P313: If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. P337 + P313: If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. P362 + P364: Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. P391: Collect spillage.

Storage: P405: Store locked up.

Disposal: P501: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with local regulations.

#### Other hazard information:

## PHYSICAL / CHEMICAL HAZARDS

No significant hazards.

#### HEALTH HAZARDS

High-pressure injection under skin may cause serious damage. May be irritating to nose, throat, and lungs.

#### ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

No additional hazards.



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**NOTE:** This material should not be used for any other purpose than the intended use in Section 1 without expert advice. Health studies have shown that chemical exposure may cause potential human health risks which may vary from person to person.

## SECTION 3

## COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

This material is defined as a mixture.

# Hazardous Substance(s) or Complex Substance(s) required for disclosure

Name	CAS#	Concentration*	GHS Hazard Codes
2,6-DI-TERT-BUTYL-P-CRESOL	128-37-0	0.1 - < 1%	H400(M factor 1), H410(M factor 1)
C12-C18 ALCOHOLS	67762-25-8	40 - < 50%	H319(2A), H400(M factor 1), H411
HYDRODESULFURIZED MIDDLE DISTILLATE (PETROLEUM)	64742-80-9	10 - < 20%	Н304, Н413
HYDROTREATED LIGHT PARAFFINIC DISTILLATES, PETROLEUM	64742-55-8	30 - < 40%	Н304
PHENOL, ISOPROPYLATED, PHOSPHATE (3:1) [TRIPHENYL PHOSPHATE > 5%]	68937-41-7	< 2.5%	H361(D), H361(F), H373, H401, H410(M factor 1)
SEVERELY HYDROTREATED HEAVY PARAFFINIC DISTILLATE	64742-54-7	5 - < 10%	Н304
SOLVENT DEWAXED HEAVY PARAFFINIC DISTILLATE	64742-65-0	5 - < 10%	H304

TCSCA: Toxic Chemical Substances: None.

\* All concentrations are percent by weight unless material is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

## SECTION 4

## FIRST AID MEAUSRES

# INHALATION

Remove from further exposure. For those providing assistance, avoid exposure to yourself or others. Use adequate respiratory protection. If respiratory irritation, dizziness, nausea, or unconsciousness occurs, seek immediate medical assistance. If breathing has stopped, assist ventilation with a mechanical device or use mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

## SKIN CONTACT

Wash contact areas with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing. Launder contaminated clothing before reuse. If product is injected into or under the skin, or into any part of the body, regardless of the appearance of the wound or its size, the individual should be evaluated immediately by a physician as a surgical emergency. Even though initial symptoms from high pressure injection may be minimal or absent, early surgical treatment within the first few hours may significantly reduce the ultimate extent of injury.

## EYE CONTACT

Flush thoroughly with water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical assistance.



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#### INGESTION

Seek immediate medical attention. Do not induce vomiting.

# NOTE TO PHYSICIAN

If ingested, material may be aspirated into the lungs and cause chemical pneumonitis. Treat appropriately.

## PRECAUTIONS FOR FIRST AID RESPONDERS

## MOST IMPORTANT SYMPTOMS AND EFFECTS, BOTH ACUTE AND DELAYED

Eye pain, redness, tearing, swelling of eyelids, itching. Itching, pain, redness, swelling of skin.

#### SECTION 5

## FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

#### EXTINGUISHING MEDIA

**Appropriate Extinguishing Media:** Use water fog, foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide (CO2) to extinguish flames.

Inappropriate Extinguishing Media: Straight Streams of Water

## FIRE FIGHTING

Fire Fighting Instructions: Evacuate area. Prevent runoff from fire control or dilution from entering streams, sewers, or drinking water supply. Firefighters should use standard protective equipment and in enclosed spaces, self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Use water spray to cool fire exposed surfaces and to protect personnel.

**Unusual Fire Hazards:** Hazardous material. Firefighters should consider protective equipment indicated in Section 8.

**Hazardous Combustion Products:** Aldehydes, Incomplete combustion products, Oxides of carbon, Phosphorus oxides, Smoke, Fume, Sulphur oxides

#### FLAMMABILITY PROPERTIES

Flash Point [Method]: >135 C (275 F) [ASTM D-92]

Flammable Limits (Approximate volume % in air): LEL: 0.9 UEL: 7.0

Autoignition Temperature: N/D

#### SECTION 6

#### ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

#### NOTIFICATION PROCEDURES

In the event of a spill or accidental release, notify relevant authorities in accordance with all



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applicable regulations.

#### PROTECTIVE MEASURES

Avoid contact with spilled material. Warn or evacuate occupants in surrounding and downwind areas if required due to toxicity or flammability of the material. See Section 5 for fire fighting information. See the Hazard Identification Section for Significant Hazards. See Section 4 for First Aid Advice. See Section 8 for advice on the minimum requirements for personal protective equipment. Additional protective measures may be necessary, depending on the specific circumstances and/or the expert judgment of the emergency responders.

#### SPILL MANAGEMENT

Land Spill: Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal.

**Water Spill:** Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Confine the spill immediately with booms. Warn other shipping. Remove from the surface by skimming or with suitable absorbents. Seek the advice of a specialist before using dispersants.

Water spill and land spill recommendations are based on the most likely spill scenario for this material; however, geographic conditions, wind, temperature, (and in the case of a water spill) wave and current direction and speed may greatly influence the appropriate action to be taken. For this reason, local experts should be consulted. Note: Local regulations may prescribe or limit action to be taken.

#### ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS

Large Spills: Dike far ahead of liquid spill for later recovery and disposal. Prevent entry into waterways, sewers, basements or confined areas.

## SECTION 7

#### HANDLING AND STORAGE

## HANDLING

Avoid all personal contact. Prevent small spills and leakage to avoid slip hazard. Material can accumulate static charges which may cause an electrical spark (ignition source). When the material is handled in bulk, an electrical spark could ignite any flammable vapors from liquids or residues that may be present (e.g., during switch-loading operations). Use proper bonding and/or earthing procedures. However, bonding and earthing may not eliminate the hazard from static accumulation. Consult local applicable standards for guidance. Additional references include American Petroleum Institute 2003 (Protection Against Ignitions Arising out of Static, Lightning and Stray Currents) or National Fire Protection Agency 77 (Recommended Practice on Static Electricity) or CENELEC CLC/TR 50404 (Electrostatics - Code of practice for the avoidance of hazards due to static electricity).



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Static Accumlator: This material is a static accumulator.

## STORAGE

The type of container used to store the material may affect static accumulation and dissipation. Do not store in open or unlabelled containers.

SECTION 8

# EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

## EXPOSURE LIMIT VALUES

Exposure limits/standards (Note: Exposure limits are not additive)

Substance Name	Form	Limit /	Standard		Note	Source	Year
2,6-DI-TERT-BUTYL-P-CRESOL		TWA	2 mg/m3			ACGIH	2020
	Inhalabl						
	e						
	fraction						
	and						
IMADODECHI EUDIZED MIDDI E	vapour	OTEL	500 / 2	107		m ·	2010
HYDRODESULFURIZED MIDDLE		STEL	500 mg/m3	125 ppm		Taiwan	2018
DISTILLATE (PETROLEUM)		TDWA	400 / 2	100		PELs	2010
HYDRODESULFURIZED MIDDLE		TWA	400 mg/m3	100 ppm		Taiwan	2018
DISTILLATE (PETROLEUM)	0.11	TWA	5 / 2			PELs	2020
HYDRODESULFURIZED MIDDLE	Stable	IWA	5 mg/m3			ExxonMobil	2020
DISTILLATE (PETROLEUM)	Aerosol.	TWA	200 mg/m3		CI-:	E	2020
HYDRODESULFURIZED MIDDLE DISTILLATE (PETROLEUM)	Vapor.	TWA	200 mg/m3		Skin	ExxonMobil	2020
HYDRODESULFURIZED MIDDLE		TWA	5 mg/m3			ACGIH	2020
DISTILLATE (PETROLEUM)	Inhalabl	IWA	3 mg/m3			ACGIH	2020
DISTILLATE (PETROLEUM)	e						
	fraction						
	Traction						
HYDROTREATED LIGHT PARAFFINIC	Mist.	STEL	10 mg/m3			Taiwan	2018
DISTILLATES, PETROLEUM						PELs	
HYDROTREATED LIGHT PARAFFINIC	Mist.	TWA	5 mg/m3			Taiwan	2018
DISTILLATES, PETROLEUM						PELs	
HYDROTREATED LIGHT PARAFFINIC		TWA	5 mg/m3			ACGIH	2020
DISTILLATES, PETROLEUM	Inhalabl						
	e						
	fraction						
SEVERELY HYDROTREATED HEAVY	Mist.	STEL	10 mg/m3			Taiwan	2018
PARAFFINIC DISTILLATE						PELs	
SEVERELY HYDROTREATED HEAVY	Mist.	TWA	5 mg/m3			Taiwan	2018
PARAFFINIC DISTILLATE						PELs	
SEVERELY HYDROTREATED HEAVY		TWA	5 mg/m3			ACGIH	2020
PARAFFINIC DISTILLATE	Inhalabl						
	е						



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	fraction					
SOLVENT DEWAXED HEAVY PARAFFINIC DISTILLATE	Mist.	STEL	10 mg/m3		Taiwan PELs	2018
SOLVENT DEWAXED HEAVY PARAFFINIC DISTILLATE	Mist.	TWA	5 mg/m3		Taiwan PELs	2018
SOLVENT DEWAXED HEAVY PARAFFINIC DISTILLATE	Inhalabl e fraction	TWA	5 mg/m3		ACGIH	2020

Exposure limit/standards for materials that can be formed when handling this product: When mists / aerosols can occur the following is recommended: 5 mg/m3 - ACGIH TLV (inhalable fraction).

## Biological limits

No biological limits allocated.

NOTE: Limits/standards shown for guidance only. Follow applicable regulations.

## ENGINEERING CONTROLS

The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Control measures to consider:

No special requirements under ordinary conditions of use and with adequate ventilation.

## PERSONAL PROTECTION

Personal protective equipment selections vary based on potential exposure conditions such as applications, handling practices, concentration and ventilation. Information on the selection of protective equipment for use with this material, as provided below, is based upon intended, normal usage.

Respiratory Protection: If engineering controls do not maintain airborne contaminant concentrations at a level which is adequate to protect worker health, an approved respirator may be appropriate. Respirator selection, use, and maintenance must be in accordance with regulatory requirements, if applicable. Types of respirators to be considered for this material include:

Half-face filter respirator Particulate

For high airborne concentrations, use an approved supplied-air respirator, operated in positive pressure mode. Supplied air respirators with an escape bottle may be appropriate when oxygen levels are inadequate, gas/vapor warning properties are poor, or if air purifying filter capacity/rating may be exceeded.



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Hand Protection: Any specific glove information provided is based on published literature and glove manufacturer data. Glove suitability and breakthrough time will differ depending on the specific use conditions. Contact the glove manufacturer for specific advice on glove selection and breakthrough times for your use conditions. Inspect and replace worn or damaged gloves. The types of gloves to be considered for this material include:

Chemical resistant gloves are recommended. Nitrile, Viton

Eye Protection: Chemical goggles are recommended.

**Skin and Body Protection:** Any specific clothing information provided is based on published literature or manufacturer data. The types of clothing to be considered for this material include: Chemical/oil resistant clothing is recommended.

**Specific Hygiene Measures:** Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Discard contaminated clothing and footwear that cannot be cleaned. Practice good housekeeping.

#### ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROLS

Comply with applicable environmental regulations limiting discharge to air, water and soil. Protect the environment by applying appropriate control measures to prevent or limit emissions.

#### SECTION 9

#### PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Note: Physical and chemical properties are provided for safety, health and environmental considerations only and may not fully represent product specifications. Contact the Supplier for additional information.

#### GENERAL INFORMATION

Physical State: Liquid

Color: Amber

Odor: Characteristic Odor Threshold: N/D

# IMPORTANT HEALTH, SAFETY, AND ENVIRONMENTAL INFORMATION

Relative Density (at 15 C): 0.85 Flammability (Solid, Gas): N/A

Flash Point [Method]: >135 C (275 F) [ASTM D-92]

Flammable Limits (Approximate volume % in air): LEL: 0.9 UEL: 7.0

Autoignition Temperature: N/D

Boiling Point / Range: > 316 C (600 F) [Estimated]

Decomposition Temperature: N/D

Vapor Density (Air = 1): > 2 at 101 kPa [Estimated]

Vapor Pressure: < 0.013 kPa (0.1 mm Hg) at 20 C [Estimated]



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Evaporation Rate (n-butyl acetate = 1): N/D

pH: N/A

Log Pow (n-Octanol/Water Partition Coefficient): > 3.5 [Estimated]

Solubility in Water: Negligible

Viscosity: 9.2 cSt (9.2 mm2/sec) at 40 C

Oxidizing Properties: See Hazards Identification Section.

OTHER INFORMATION

Freezing Point: N/D Melting Point: N/A

**Pour Point:** 15 C (59 F)

DMSO Extract (mineral oil only), IP-346: < 3 %wt

# SECTION 10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

STABILITY: Material is stable under normal conditions.

CONDITIONS TO AVOID: Excessive heat. High energy sources of ignition.

MATERIALS TO AVOID: Strong oxidizers

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: Material does not decompose at ambient temperatures.

POSSIBILITY OF HAZARDOUS REACTIONS: Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

# SECTION 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

#### INFORMATION ON TOXICOLOGICAL EFFECTS

<u>Hazard Class</u>	Conclusion / Remarks
Inhalation	
Acute Toxicity: No end point data for	Minimally Toxic. Base on assessment of the components.
material.	
Irritation: No end point data for	Negligible hazard at ambient/normal handling temperatures.
material.	
Ingestion	
Acute Toxicity: No end point data for	Minimally Toxic. Base on assessment of the components.
material.	
Skin	
Acute Toxicity: No end point data for	Minimally Toxic. Base on assessment of the components.
material.	
Skin Corrosion/Irritation: No end point	Irritating to the skin. Base on assessment of the
data for material.	components.
Eye	
Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: No end	Irritating and will injure eye tissue. Base on assessment



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point data for material. of the components. Sensitization Respiratory Sensitization: No end point Not expected to be a respiratory sensitizer. data for material. Skin Sensitization: No end point data Not expected to be a skin sensitizer. Base on assessment of for material. the components. **Aspiration:** Data available. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. physico-chemical properties of the material. Germ Cell Mutagenicity: No end point Not expected to be a germ cell mutagen. Base on assessment data for material. of the components. Carcinogenicity: No end point data for Not expected to cause cancer. Base on assessment of the Reproductive Toxicity: No end point Contains a substance that may be a reproductive toxicant. Base on assessment of the components. data for material. Lactation: No end point data for Not expected to cause harm to breast-fed children. material. Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT) Single Exposure: No end point data for Not expected to cause organ damage from a single exposure. material. Repeated Exposure: No end point data Contains a substance that may cause damage to organs from

components.

#### OTHER INFORMATION

for material.

## For the product itself:

Small amounts of liquid aspirated into the lungs during ingestion or from vomiting may cause chemical pneumonitis or pulmonary edema.

prolonged or repeated exposure. Base on assessment of the

## Contains:

Base oil severely refined: Not carcinogenic in animal studies. Representative material passes IP-346, Modified Ames test, and/or other screening tests. Dermal and inhalation studies showed minimal effects; lung non-specific infiltration of immune cells, oil deposition and minimal granuloma formation. Not sensitizing in test animals.

Middle distillates: Carcinogenic in animal tests. Lifetime skin painting tests produced tumors, but the mechanism is due to repeated cycles of skin damage and restorative hyperplasia. This mechanism is considered unlikely in humans where such prolonged skin irritation would not be tolerated. Did not cause mutations In Vitro. Inhalation of vapors did not result in reproductive or developmental effects in laboratory animals. Inhalation of high concentrations in animals resulted in respiratory tract irritation, lung changes and some reduction in lung function. Non-sensitizing in test animals.

Isopropylphenyl phosphate (iPP). Reproductive / developmental toxicity screening studies in rats of products containing high concentrations of iPP adversely affected male and female reproductive performance with significant reductions in fertility and conception indices. Number of rat pups born and live litter size were decreased in groups exposed to the iPP-containing products, while pup mortality was increased.

## IARC Classification:



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## The following ingredients are cited on the lists below:

Chemical Name	CAS Number	List Citations
HYDRODESULFURIZED MIDDLE	64742-80-9	1
DISTILLATE (PETROLEUM)		

--REGULATORY LISTS SEARCHED--

1 = IARC 1

2 = IARC 2A

3 = IARC 2B

## SECTION 12

## ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

The information given is based on data for the material, components of the material, or for similar materials, through the application of bridging principals.

#### ECOTOXICITY

Material -- Expected to be toxic to aquatic organisms. May cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

#### MOBILITY

Base oil component -- Low solubility and floats and is expected to migrate from water to the land. Expected to partition to sediment and wastewater solids.

#### PERSISTENCE AND DEGRADABILITY

# Biodegradation:

Components -- Expected to be readily biodegradable.

Base oil component -- Expected to be inherently biodegradable

#### BIOACCUMULATION POTENTIAL

Components -- Potential to bioaccumulate is low.

Base oil component -- Has the potential to bioaccumulate, however metabolism or physical properties may reduce the bioconcentration or limit bioavailability.

# SECTION 13

## DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal recommendations based on material as supplied. Disposal must be in accordance with current applicable laws and regulations, and material characteristics at time of disposal.

# DISPOSAL RECOMMENDATIONS

Product is suitable for burning in an enclosed, controlled burner for fuel value or disposal by supervised incineration.

Empty Container Warning Empty Container Warning (where applicable): Empty containers may contain residue



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and can be dangerous. Do not attempt to refill or clean containers without proper instructions. Empty drums should be completely drained and safely stored until appropriately reconditioned or disposed. Empty containers should be taken for recycling, recovery, or disposal through suitably qualified or licensed contractor and in accordance with governmental regulations. DO NOT PRESSURISE, CUT, WELD, BRAZE, SOLDER, DRILL, GRIND, OR EXPOSE SUCH CONTAINERS TO HEAT, FLAME, SPARKS, STATIC ELECTRICITY, OR OTHER SOURCES OF IGNITION. THEY MAY EXPLODE AND CAUSE INJURY OR DEATH.

#### SECTION 14

## TRANSPORT INFORMATION

#### LAND (ADR)

Proper Shipping Name: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (C12-C18 ALCOHOLS)

Hazard Class: 9
Hazchem Code: 3Z
UN Number: 3082
Packing Group: III

Label(s) / Mark(s): 9, EHS

# SEA (IMDG)

Proper Shipping Name: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (C12-C18 ALCOHOLS)

Hazard Class & Division: 9

EMS Number: F-A, S-F UN Number: 3082 Packing Group: III Marine Pollutant: No

Label(s): 9

Transport Document Name: UN3082, ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (C12-C18

ALCOHOLS), 9, PG III

## AIR (IATA)

Proper Shipping Name: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (C12-C18 ALCOHOLS)

Hazard Class & Division: 9

UN Number: 3082 Packing Group: III

Label(s) / Mark(s): 9, EHS

Transport Document Name: UN3082, ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (C12-C18

ALCOHOLS), 9, PG III

# SECTION 15 REGULATORY INFORMATION

This material is considered hazardous according to The Regulations on Labelling and Hazard Communications for Hazardous Materials.

## REGULATORY STATUS AND APPLICABLE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

Toxic and Concerned Chemical Substances Control Act (TCCSCA): Not Regulated



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Listed or exempt from listing/notification on the following chemical inventories (May contain substance(s) subject to notification to the EPA Active TSCA inventory prior to import to USA): AIIC, DSL, ENCS, IECSC, KECI, PICCS, TCSI, TSCA

# SECTION 16

#### OTHER INFORMATION

**REFERENCES:** Sources of information used in preparing this SDS included one or more of the following: results from in house or supplier toxicology studies, CONCAWE Product Dossiers, publications from other trade associations, such as the EU Hydrocarbon Solvents REACH Consortium, U.S. HPV Program Robust Summaries, the EU IUCLID Data Base, U.S. NTP publications, and other sources, as appropriate.

## N/D = Not determined, N/A = Not applicable

# KEY TO THE H-CODES CONTAINED IN SECTION 3 OF THIS DOCUMENT (for information only):

H304: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways; Aspiration, Cat 1

H315: Causes skin irritation; Skin Corr/Irritation, Cat 2

H319(2A): Causes serious eye irritation; Serious Eye Damage/Irr, Cat 2A

H361: Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.; Repro Tox, Cat 2

H361(D): Suspected of damaging the unborn child; Repro Tox, Cat 2 (Develop)

H361(F): Suspected of damaging fertility; Repro Tox, Cat 2 (Fertility)

H373: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure; Target Organ, Repeated, Cat 2

H400: Very toxic to aquatic life; Acute Env Tox, Cat 1

H401: Toxic to aquatic life; Acute Env Tox, Cat 2

H410: Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects; Chronic Env Tox, Cat 1

H411: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects; Chronic Env Tox, Cat 2

H413: May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life; Chronic Env Tox, Cat 4

#### THIS SAFETY DATA SHEET CONTAINS THE FOLLOWING REVISIONS:

Composition: Component Table information was modified.

GHS Environmental Symbol information was modified.

GHS Health Symbol information was modified.

Section 01: Company Contact Methods information was modified.

Section 04: Symptoms and Effects information was added.

Section 08: Exposure Limits Table information was modified.

Section 12: information was modified.

Section 15: National Chemical Inventory Listing information was modified.

Section 16: Prepared by information was added.

Section 16: Source Reference information was added.

Prepared by: ExxonMobil Biomedical Sciences Inc, Annadale, New Jersey, USA

Local contact: Kuang Shyi-Shin (EMICT), Tel# 886-02-2734 6888

Preparation date: 29 Jul 2020 -----

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